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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/749,400	01/02/2004	Kohji Yoshic	02860.0760	2870	
22852 7590 05/31/2007 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP			EXAMINER		
			GATES, ERIC ANDREW		
901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3722		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			05/31/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/749,400	YOSHIE ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Eric A. Gates	3722	
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communicate or Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address -	•
WHIC - Exte afte - If No - Failt Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 rs IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, I reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF THIS COMMUNION (CFR 1.136(a)). In no event, however, may a relation.  The period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON by statute, cause the application to become All the period will be some all the period will be	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communical BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n <u>16 May 2007</u> .		
2a)	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)	☑ This action is non-final.		
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for	allowance except for formal mat	ers, prosecution as to the merits	s is
	closed in accordance with the practice u	ınder <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	). 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposit	ion of Claims			
4)🛛	Claim(s) 1-6 and 8-11 is/are pending in	the application.	•	
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w	vithdrawn from consideration.		
5)[	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
·	Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 8-11</u> is/are rejected.			
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.		
Applicat	tion Papers			
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Ex	xaminer.		
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to	by the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
,	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for to All b) Some * c) None of:	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
	1. Certified copies of the priority doc			
	2. Certified copies of the priority doc			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the		received in this National Stage	
*	application from the International		ropoived	
	See the attached detailed Office action fo	or a list of the certified copies not	receivea.	
Attachme	• •	_		
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date	
3) Info	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date		nformal Patent Application	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 16 May 2007 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 5, 6, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itoh et al. (U.S. Patent 6,685,416) in view of Okino (U.S. Patent 6,215,564).
- 3. Regarding claim 1, Itoh et al. discloses a pasting and bookbinding apparatus, comprising: a sheet bundle loading device 24 for positioning sheets and stacking the positioned sheets thereon; a holding device 22/25 for holding a sheet bundle A stacked on the sheet bundle loading device 24 and transporting the sheet bundle; a sheet

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bundle transporting device 54 for receiving the sheet bundle transported by the holding device 22/25 and interposing the sheet bundle to an upright position; a paste coating device 60 for coating paste 61 on a back portion of the sheet bundle interposed and positioned upright by the sheet bundle transporting device 54; a cover supplying device 70 for supplying a cover sheet B; a cover pasting device 90 (portion 8) for pressing and pasting the cover sheet supplied from the cover supplying device against the paste-coated back portion of the sheet bundle; a cover folding device 90 (portion 9) for folding the cover sheet pasted on the sheet bundle by the cover pasting device along an edge portion of the paste-coated surface of the sheet bundle; the sheet bundle loading device, the sheet bundle transporting device, the paste coating device, the cover supplying device, the cover pasting device, the cover folding device; and an elevating device 95 for moving the cover pasting device and the cover folding device in the vertical direction.

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Itoh et al. does not disclose a front door for opening and closing a front side of a main body of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus, wherein respective front sides of the sheet bundle loading device, the sheet bundle transporting device, the paste coating device, the cover supplying device, the cover pasting device, and the cover folding device, can be opened or closed. Okino teaches the use of a door 13 for an image recording device 10 that is used for the purpose of exposing the interior of the device. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the apparatus of Itoh et al. with the door of

Okino in order to be able to access the internal devices of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus for repair or maintenance.

Itoh et al. does not disclose that the sheets are ejected from an image forming apparatus. However, the Examiner takes Official Notice that it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the pasting and bookbinding apparatus with an image forming apparatus for the purpose of applying text and/or images to the pages prior to binding in order to have a final book that contains a story and/or pictures.

Itoh et al. does not distinctly disclose wherein the sheet bundle loading device, the holding device, the sheet bundle transporting device, the paste coating device, the cover supplying device, the cover pasting device, and the cover folding device are arranged in a single longitudinal line in a vertical direction inside the main body of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus. However, the pasting and bookbinding apparatus of Itoh et al., if viewed from the left or right side of the apparatus as shown in figure 2, would almost certainly show the devices arranged in a single longitudinal line in a vertical direction inside the main body, and if not, would only require a minimal realignment of the devices for the purpose of minimizing the width of the apparatus and thereby requiring less office space, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art.

4. Regarding claim 3, the modified invention of Itoh et al. discloses wherein the elevating device 95 is arranged in a lower portion of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus (as part of bookbinding unit 90, see figure 2).

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5. Regarding claim 5, the modified invention of Itoh et al. discloses wherein formation of the sheet bundle A by the paste coating device 60 and bookbinding are carried out at a same location (both operations are performed inside the pasting and bookbinding apparatus), the sheet bundle A is formed by coating paste 61 between the sheets, and a book is bound by wrapping the sheet bundle with the cover sheet B and adhering the cover sheet to the sheet bundle using paste to form a booklet C, the cover sheet including a front cover and a back cover.

- 6. Regarding claim 6, the modified invention of Itoh et al. discloses wherein the cover folding device 90 forms a booklet by binding a book, the book is bound by wrapping the sheet bundle with the cover sheet and adhering a back portion of the cover sheet to the back portion of the sheet bundle to which paste has been applied, the cover sheet including a front cover surface and a back cover surface (see column 6, lines 5-8).
- Regarding claim 8, the modified invention of Itoh et al. discloses the invention substantially as claimed, except Itoh et al. does not disclose an image forming system comprising: an image forming apparatus main body including an image writing means, an image forming means, and a sheet transporting means. However, the Examiner takes Official Notice that it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the pasting and bookbinding apparatus with an image forming apparatus as described above, which is well known in the art of image forming, for the purpose of applying text and/or images to the pages prior to binding in order to have a final book that contains a story and/or pictures.

can discard sheets that are not appropriate for binding.

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8. Claims 2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

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Itoh et al. in view of Okino and further in view of Delfer et al. (U.S. Patent 5,754,434).

9. Regarding claim 2, the modified invention of Itoh et al. discloses the invention

substantially as claimed, except Coyette does not disclose a sheet ejection device

arranged in an upper portion of the main body of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus

for directly ejecting a sheet which does not need to be subjected to pasting and

bookbinding processing.

Delfer et al. teaches the use of a sheet ejection device (incorporated into region 105, see column 17, lines 54-56) used for the purpose of eliminating any non-desired pages. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the binding apparatus of Coyette with the sheet ejection device of Delfer et al. in order to have a binding apparatus that

10. Regarding claim 4, the modified invention of Itoh et al. discloses a cover transport path (see figure 2) through which the cover sheet supplied from the cover supplying device 70 is transported to the cover pasting device 90. Itoh et al. does not disclose a transporting device including a sheet transport path through which the sheet ejected from the image forming apparatus is transported and fed into the sheet bundle loading device, or a sheet ejection path through which the sheet is transported to the sheet ejection device. However, it would be inherent for there to be a sheet transport path for a sheet ejected from the aforementioned image forming apparatus to arrive at

the sheet bundle loading device, which must include some sort of transporting device, and it would be inherent for there to be a sheet ejection path for a sheet to travel to the aforementioned sheet ejection device.

- 11. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itoh et al. (U.S. Patent 6,685,416) in view of Okino (U.S. Patent 6,215,564).
- 12. Regarding claim 9, Itoh et al. discloses a pasting and bookbinding apparatus, comprising: a sheet bundle loading device 24 for stacking a plurality of sheets A; a sheet bundle transporting device 54 having a holding device 51/52 for transporting a sheet bundle including the plurality of sheets stacked on the sheet bundle loading device and holding the sheet bundle at a prescribed position; a paste coating device 60 having a movable paste coating member 64 for coating paste 61 on end surfaces of superposed sheet bundles A held at the prescribed position; wherein the paste coating member 64 stands by at an initial position outside an area of the sheet bundle for a maximum-sized sheet (see column 9, lines 4-5), and moves along the end surfaces of the superposed sheet bundle held in an upright position to coat paste during a paste coating processing.

Itoh et al. does not disclose and a front door for opening and closing a front side of a main body of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus, wherein respective front sides of the sheet bundle loading device, the sheet bundle transporting device, and the paste coating device can be opened or closed. Okino teaches the use of a door 13 for an image recording device 10 that is used for the purpose of exposing the interior of the

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device. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the apparatus of Itoh et al. with the door of Okino in order to be able to access the internal devices of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus for repair or maintenance.

Itoh et al. does not disclose that the sheets are ejected from an image forming apparatus. However, the Examiner takes Official Notice that it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the pasting and bookbinding apparatus with an image forming apparatus for the purpose of applying text and/or images to the pages prior to binding in order to have a final book that contains a story and/or pictures.

Itoh et al. does not distinctly disclose wherein the sheet bundle loading device, the sheet bundle transporting device, and the paste coating device are arranged in a single longitudinal line in a vertical direction inside the main body of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus. However, the pasting and bookbinding apparatus of Itoh et al., if viewed from the left or right side of the apparatus as shown in figure 2, would almost certainly show the devices arranged in a single longitudinal line in a vertical direction inside the main body, and if not, would only require a minimal realignment of the devices for the purpose of minimizing the width of the apparatus and thereby requiring less office space, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art.

- 13. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itoh et al. (U.S. Patent 6,685,416) in view of Okino (U.S. Patent 6,215,564).
- 14. Regarding claim 10, Itoh et al. discloses a pasting and bookbinding apparatus, comprising: a sheet bundle loading device 24 for stacking a plurality of sheets A; a sheet bundle transporting device 54 having a holding device 51/52 for transporting a sheet bundle including the plurality of sheets stacked on the sheet bundle loading device 24 and holding the sheet bundle at a prescribed position; a paste coating device 61/64 which stands by at an initial position (prior to elevation) outside an area of the sheet bundle in a lateral direction of end surfaces of a superposed maximum-sized sheet bundle, and moves along end faces of the superposed sheet bundle held in an upright position during a paste coating processing; a cover supplying device 70 including cover sheets B which contact the end surface and a back portion of the sheet bundle and supplies; a cover pasting device 90 (portion 8) for bringing the cover sheet in pressure contact with the end surfaces of the superposed sheet bundle to paste the cover sheet; and a cover folding device 90 (portion 9) for folding the cover sheet pasted on the sheet bundle by the cover pasting device along the end faces of the superposed sheet bundle.

Itoh et al. does not disclose and a front door for opening and closing a front side of a main body of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus, wherein respective front sides of the sheet bundle loading device, the sheet bundle transporting device, the paste coating device, the cover supplying device, the cover pasting device, and the cover folding device can be opened or closed. Okino teaches the use of a door 13 for an

image recording device 10 that is used for the purpose of exposing the interior of the device. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the apparatus of Itoh et al. with the door of Okino in order to be able to access the internal devices of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus for repair or maintenance.

Itoh et al. does not disclose that the sheets are ejected from an image forming apparatus. However, the Examiner takes Official Notice that it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the pasting and bookbinding apparatus with an image forming apparatus for the purpose of applying text and/or images to the pages prior to binding in order to have a final book that contains a story and/or pictures.

Itoh et al. does not distinctly disclose wherein the sheet bundle loading device, the sheet bundle transporting device, the paste coating device, the cover supplying device, the cover pasting device, and the cover folding device are arranged in a single longitudinal line in a vertical direction inside the main body of the pasting and bookbinding apparatus. However, the pasting and bookbinding apparatus of Itoh et al., if viewed from the left or right side of the apparatus as shown in figure 2, would almost certainly show the devices arranged in a single longitudinal line in a vertical direction inside the main body, and if not, would only require a minimal realignment of the devices for the purpose of minimizing the width of the apparatus and thereby requiring less office space, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art.

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15. Regarding claim 11, the modified invention of Itoh et al. discloses wherein a booklet C formed by the cover folding device 90 is bound by wrapping the sheet bundle A with a front cover surface, a back cover surface, and the end surfaces of the superposed sheet bundle.

## Response to Arguments

- 16. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 17. For the reasons as set forth above, the rejections are maintained.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric A. Gates whose telephone number is 571-272-5498. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 7:45-6:15.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Monica Carter can be reached on 571-272-4475. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

**EAG** 

24 May 2007

MONICA CARTER SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINES

Moneca S. Contag